	·	
1 2	KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California FRANK H. PACOE	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General JONATHAN D. COOPER	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 141461	
5	455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004	
6	Telephone: (415) 703-1404 Facsimile: (415) 703-5480	
7	Attorneys for Complainant	
8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY	
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11		Case No. 3971
12	DEBORAH LYNN SEVILLA 3895 Old Hwy 53 #2	
13		ACCUSATION
14	Pharmacist License No. RPH 58263	
15	Respondent.	•
16	Complainant alleges:	•
17	PARTIES	
18	1. Virginia Herold (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity	
19	as the Executive Officer of the Board of Pharmacy, Department of Consumer Affairs.	
20	2. On or about April 21, 2006, the Board of Pharmacy issued Original Pharmacist	
21	License Number RPH 58263 to Deborah Lynn Sevilla (Respondent). The License was in full	
22	force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on December	
23	31, 2011, unless renewed.	
24	JURISD	DICTION
25	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Pharmacy (Board), Department of	
26	Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the	
27	Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.	
28	4. Section 4011 of the Code provides that the Board shall administer and enforce both	

the Pharmacy Law [Bus. & Prof. Code, § 4000 et seq.] and the Uniform Controlled Substances Act [Health & Safety Code, § 11000 et seq.].

5. Section **4300** of the Code provides that every license issued by the Board may be suspended or revoked.

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 6. Section **4301** of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board shall take action against any holder of a license who is guilty of "unprofessional conduct," defined to include, but not be limited to, any of the following:
- (f) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or corruption, whether the act is committed in the course of relations as a licensee or otherwise, and whether the act is a felony or misdemeanor or not.
- (h) The administering to oneself, of any controlled substance, or the use of any dangerous drug or of alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to oneself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that the use impairs the ability of the person to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by the license.
- (j) The violation of any of the statutes of this state, or any other state, or of the United States regulating controlled substances and dangerous drugs.
- (k) The conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverage, or any combination of those substances.
- (l) The conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. The record of conviction of a violation of Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 801) of Title 21 of the United States Code regulating controlled substances or of a violation of the statutes of this state regulating controlled substances or

dangerous drugs shall be conclusive evidence of unprofessional conduct. In all other cases, the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred. The board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, in order to fix the degree of discipline or, in the case of a conviction not involving controlled substances or dangerous drugs, to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensee under this chapter. A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this provision. The board may take action when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment.

. . .

(o) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter or of the applicable federal and state laws and regulations governing pharmacy, including regulations established by the board or by any other state or federal regulatory agency.

. . .

7. Section 4327 of the Code states:

Any person who, while on duty, sells, dispenses or compounds any drug while under the influence of any dangerous drug or alcoholic beverages shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1770, states:

For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of a personal or facility license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensee or registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensee or registrant to perform the functions authorized by his license or registration in a manner

11 12

13

14 15

16

17 18

19

21

20

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

9. Section **4021** of the Code states:

"Controlled substance" means any substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.

10. Section 4022 of the Code states:

"Dangerous drug" or "dangerous device" means any drug or device unsafe for self-use, except veterinary drugs that are labeled as such, and includes the following:

- (a) Any drug that bears the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," "Rx only," or words of similar import.
- (b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a ," "Rx only," or words of similar import, the blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the device.
- (c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006.

11. Section 4060 of the Code states:

No person shall possess any controlled substance, except that furnished to a person upon the prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, optometrist, veterinarian, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.7, or furnished pursuant to a drug order issued by a certified nurse-midwife pursuant to Section 2746.51, a nurse practitioner pursuant to Section 2836.1, or a physician assistant pursuant to Section 3502.1, or naturopathic doctor pursuant to Section 3640.5, or a pharmacist pursuant to either subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4) of, or clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of, subdivision (a) of Section 4052. This section shall not apply to the possession of any controlled substance by a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, pharmacist, physician, podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, naturopathic doctor, certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant, when in stock in containers correctly labeled with the name and address of the supplier or producer.

Nothing in this section authorizes a certified nurse-midwife, a nurse practitioner, a

- Respondent was convicted of having violated California Vehicle Code section 23152(a) (driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs).
- c. On or about March 7, 2011, in Lake County Superior Court Case No. CR925423,
 Respondent was convicted of having violated California Penal Code section 484 (petty theft).

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Convictions Involving Dangerous Drugs or Alcohol)

- 19. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subsection (k), in that she has been convicted of crimes involving the use, consumption or self-administration of dangerous drugs and/or alcoholic beverages, as follows:
 - a. On or about May 24, 2010, in Kern County Superior Court Case No. TM077474A,
 Respondent was convicted of having violated California Vehicle Code section
 23152(a)(driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs).
 - b. On or about March 7, 2011, in Lake County Superior Court Case No. CR 923723,
 Respondent was convicted of having violated California Vehicle Code section
 23152(a)(driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs).
 - c. On or about March 7, 2011, in Lake County Superior Court Case No. CR925423, Respondent was convicted of having violated California Penal Code section 484 (petty theft). The conduct underlying this conviction was Respondent's theft of drugs, for her own consumption, from her employer while Respondent was employed as a pharmacist.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Dangerous Use of Drugs and/or Alcohol)

20. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subsection (h), in that she administered to herself, or used, controlled substances and/or alcoholic beverages to the extent or in a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to herself, to a person holding a license under this chapter, or to any other person or to the public, and/or to the extent that the use impaired the her ability to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by her license, as follows:

2.5

- a. On or about April 1, 2010, in Kern County, California, Respondent was observed driving a vehicle erratically. A police officer observed that Respondent was extremely confused, lethargic and drowsy, and displayed objective signs of being under the influence of and impaired by alcohol and/or drugs. Respondent stated to the officer that she was on her way home from work at the K-Mart pharmacy. Based on this conduct, on or about May 24, 2010, in Kern County Superior Court Case No. TM077474A, Respondent was convicted of having violated California Vehicle Code section 23152(a) (driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs).
- b. On or about September 13, 2010, Respondent was observed driving a vehicle erratically. A police officer observed that Respondent displayed objective signs of being under the influence of and impaired by drugs. Respondent stated to the officer that she was on her way home from her work at a Walmart pharmacy. Police officers found multiple medications in Respondent's vehicle. Based on this conduct, on or about March 7, 2011, in Lake County Superior Court Case No. CR 923723, Respondent was convicted of having violated California Vehicle Code section 23152(a) (driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs).
- c. On or about September 15, 2010, in Clearlake, California, Respondent informed a police officer that she was suffering severe withdrawal effects because she was "detoxing" from narcotics.
- d. On or about November 15, 2010, Respondent stated to an investigator for the Board of Pharmacy that she was addicted to pain medications.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Acts of Dishonesty)

- 21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301(f), in that she committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, fraud, deceit or corruption, as follows:
 - a. On or about September, 2010, in Clearlake, California, Respondent stole pain medications including, but not limited to, Ativan (lorazepam), Norco (hydrocodone/APAP), Soma (carisoprodol), and Suboxone (buprenorphine/maloxone)

from Walmart, where she was employed as a pharmacist. As a result of this conduct, on or about March 7, 2011, in Lake County Superior Court Case No. CR925423, Respondent was convicted of having violated California Penal Code section 484 (petty theft).

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Practicing While Under the Influence of Drugs)

- 22. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 4301, subsections (j) and (o), and under Code section 4327, in that she violated state laws regarding controlled substances by selling, dispensing or compounding drugs while under the influence of controlled substances. The circumstances are as follows:
 - a. On or about September 13, 2010, in Clearlake, California, Respondent worked as a pharmacist at the Walmart pharmacy while under the influence of controlled substances.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unlawful Possession and use of Drugs)

- 23. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 4301, subsections (h), (j) and (o), in that she violated state statutes regulating possession and use of controlled substances and dangerous drugs and violated state laws governing pharmacy. The circumstances are as follows:
 - a. On or about September, 2010, in Clearlake, California, Respondent stole medications including, but not limited to, Lorazepam, Hydrocodone, Clonazepan, Oxycodone, Methadone, Carisoprodol and Subaxone, from Walmart, where she was employed as a pharmacist. Respondent then ingested these medications.
 - b. Respondent possessed and used these drugs in violation of Code sections 4051 and 4060 and in violation of Health and Safety Code sections 11170, 11350, 11377 and 11550.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Pharmacy issue a decision: